Important Facts on Smoking and COVID-19

WHAT YOU NEED TO KNOW



Cigarette smoking increases your risk of severe illness from COVID-19.

Cigarette smoking reduces lung immunity and causes underlying conditions that increase risk for severe illness from COVID, including heart and lung diseases and diabetes.

A person who smokes may have a more severe case of COVID-19.

For free help quitting tobacco use, or staying tobacco-free, call 1-800-QUIT-NOW (1-800-784-8669) or visit www.quitlinenc.com.

SUPPORTING INFORMATION

Cigarette smoking increases your risk of severe illness from COVID-19.

If you smoke, now is a great time to guit. If you used to smoke, don't start again. If you never smoked, don't start.

Cigarette smoking reduces lung immunity and causes underlying conditions that increase risk for severe illness from COVID, including heart and lung diseases and diabetes.

Cigarette smoking compromises the immune system and that altered immunity is associated with increased risk for pulmonary infections (U.S. Surgeon General, 2014).

Cigarette smoking is a major risk factor for chronic lung disease (including asthma), diabetes, and many cancers, including lung cancer. (U.S. Surgeon General, 2014). People with underlying medical conditions are at a greater risk for severe COVID-19 illness (Morbidity and Mortality Weekly Report, April 8, 2020).

A person who smokes may have a more severe case of COVID-19.

Smoking is a risk factor for progression (worsening) of COVID-19, with smokers having higher odds of COVID-19 progression than never smokers. (Patanavanich & Glantz, Nicotine & Tobacco Research, 2020)

The relationship between the use of e-cigarettes, or vaping products, and risk of COVID-19 is less certain, because they are less-studied products.

While studies showing specific risks of vaping or e-cigarette use are still relatively new compared to studies regarding smoking, some studies raise concern. Because vaping is known to cause inflammation in the lungs, some organizations suspect vaping may leave lung tissue fragile and more susceptible to infection. (American Lung Association, 2020) A recent study out of Stanford University showed that young people who had vaped were five times more likely to test positive for COVID-19 than never-users. (Gaiha, Cheng & Halpern-Felsher, Journal of Adolescent Health, 2020)

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Lungs start to heal two to 12 weeks after guitting smoking (U.S. Surgeon General, 2004). Counseling and FDA-approved medication can more than double your changes of quitting smoking. (US Preventive Services Task Force, 2015)

Stay Informed

For frequently updated information, visit NC DHHS Coronavirus (COVID-19) at www.ncdhhs.gov/covid19 and visit the CDC at www.cdc.gov/COVID 19.





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